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主讲人:

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1944

EBSCO创立於 1944年,目前有 超过40个事业群 ,除了大家熟知 的数据库与期刊 代订服务外,还 有房地产、制造 业等。

5,700

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5A1

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2010

EBSCO被美国 Birmingham Business Alliance 评定为绿色企业

EBSCO简介

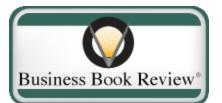
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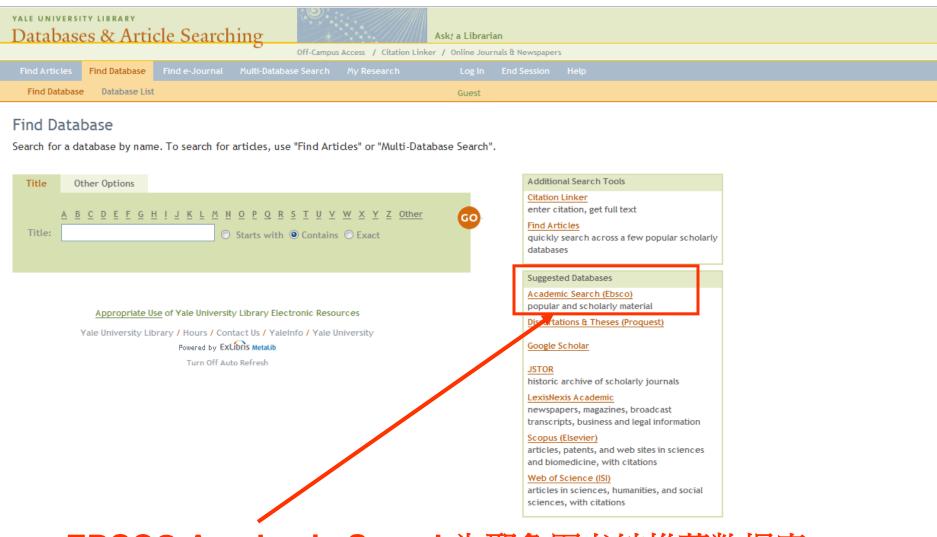
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耶鲁大学图书馆



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数据库介绍

主要收录内容

数据库	收录全文出版物数	收录专家评审 全文出版物数
Academic Search Premier (ASP)	4,768	4,017
Business Source Premier (BSP)	12,812	1,150

注: BSP数据库中,在收录了商业方面大部分的顶尖期刊外,还收集了商业研究最常使用的行业报告,国家报告,市场研究报告,案例分析, Working Papers等全文出版物

ASP + BSP 所收录全文期刊与ISI-WOS的比对

Academic Search Premier 1,600+ (WOS)

Business Source Premier 278 (SSCI), **300 (EconLit)**

总结:

ASP+BSP共有逾1,800种全文期刊亦同时收录在WOS

Academic Search Premier

Academic Search Complete Upgrade

	Full-Text Journals	Full-Text Peer-Reviewed Journals	Active Full-Text Peer-Reviewed Journals
Academic Search Premier	4,768	4,017	3,215
Academic Search Complete	9,102	7,940	6,815
Difference	4,334	3,923	3,600

Compared on May 6, 2013

Active, Full Text (FT), Peer-Reviewed Journals Compared

	(A) Total # of Full-Text, Peer-Reviewed Journals	(B) Unnaturally Halted Full-Text, Peer-Reviewed Journals	(C) Ceased Naturally or Changed Names (Full-Text, Peer-Reviewed Journals)	(D) Total Active Full-Text, Peer-Reviewed Journals [A - (B+C) = D]
Academic Search Elite	1,868	74	270	1,506
Academic Search Premier	4,017	153	649	3,215
Academic Search Complete	7,940	189	936	6,815

Compared on May 6, 2013



Academic Search Provides Full Text for Journals Indexed Within Leading Social Sciences & Humanities Databases

(These statistics illustrate the extent of Humanities coverage in each full-text database)

	ATLA Religion	ERIC	Historical Abstracts	MLA International Bibliography	PsycINFO	Social Sciences Citation Index (ISI)
Academic Search Complete (ASC)	344	621	371	886	722	841
Academic Search Premier (ASP)	282	568	338	722	560	704

Compared on May 6, 2013



Academic Search Provides Full Text for Journals Indexed Within Leading Science Databases

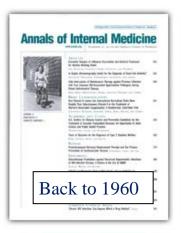
(These statistics illustrate the extent of STM coverage in each full-text database)

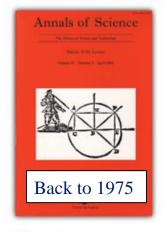
	ISI Science Citation Index	AGRICOLA	Biological Abstracts	CAB Abstracts	Chemical Abstracts	E.I. Compendex	GeoRef	Inspec	SCOPUS
Academic Search Complete	828	417	811	1,483	309	596	485	692	4,757
Academic Search Premier	699	313	561	805	223	384	341	471	3,086



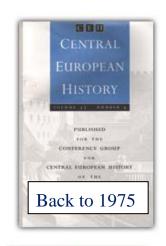
ASP数据库中研究型期刊回溯情况



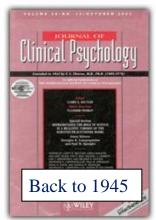


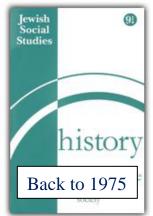


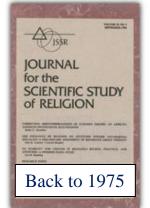


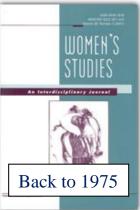




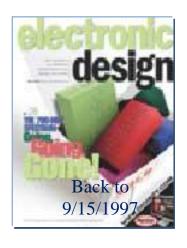




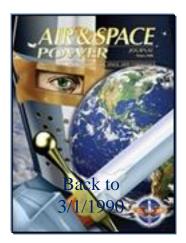




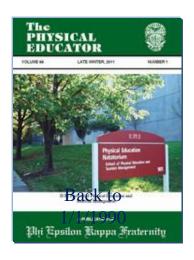
ASP数据库中研究型期刊回溯情况

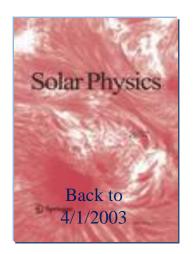






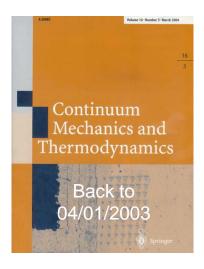




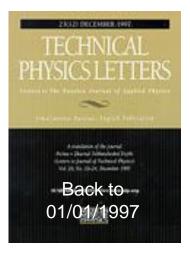


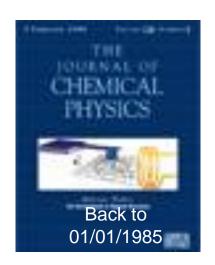








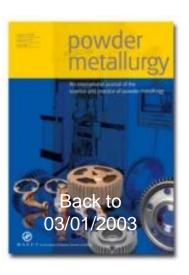








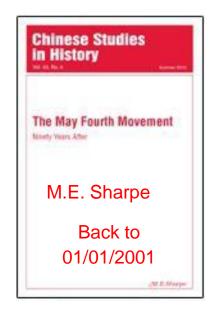


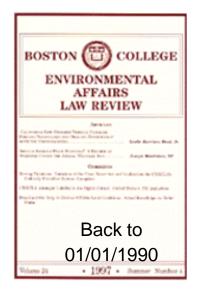






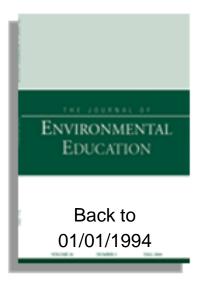




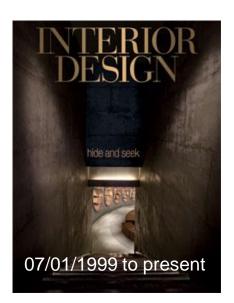






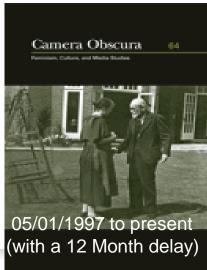


ASP中收录的艺术设计类期刊回溯情况









American Artist

Afterimage

American Visions

Art Journal

Art Monthly

Arts & Activities

Arts Education Policy Review

ArtUS

Camera Obscura

Craft Arts International

Design Issues

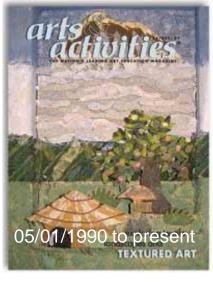
Graphic Arts Monthly

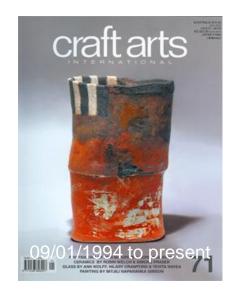
Interior Design

International Journal of Art & Design Education
International Journal of Image & Graphics
Journal of Aesthetics & Art Criticism

ASP中收录的艺术设计类期刊回溯情况

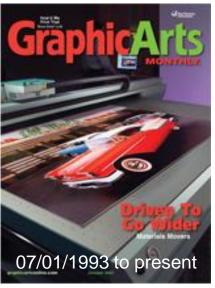




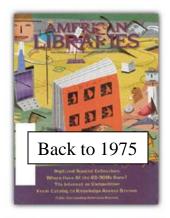




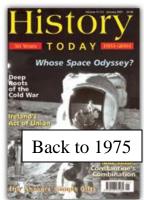


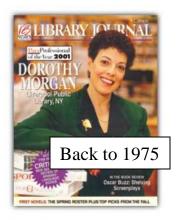


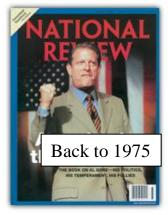
ASP中收录的一些最为普遍的期刊回溯情况

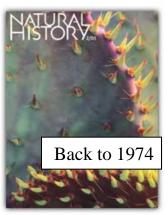


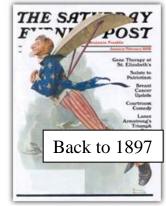


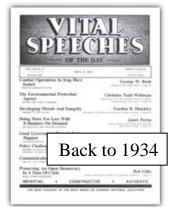












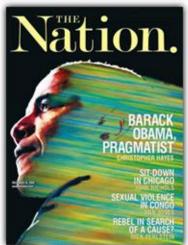
Superior Active Full Text for General Periodicals (for Undergraduate Research)



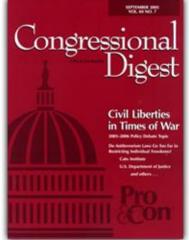














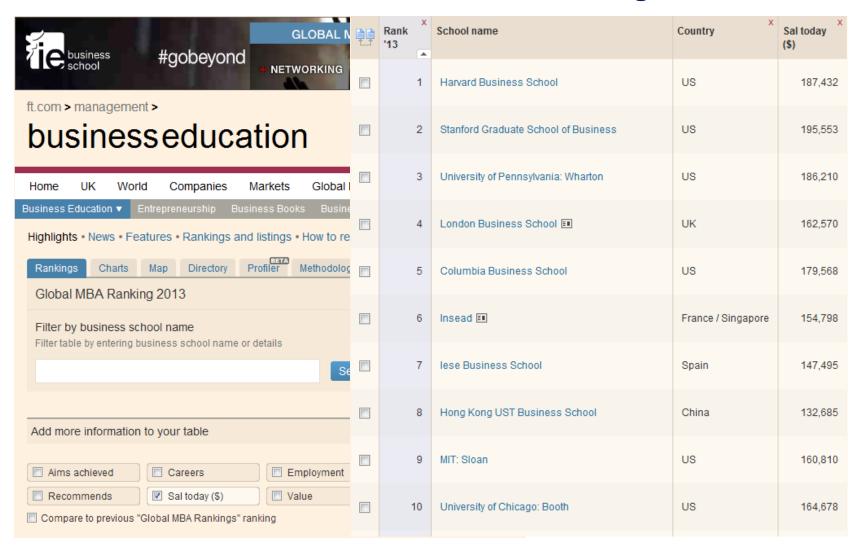
Business Source Premier

Business Source Premier & Business Source Complete Full Text Compared

	Business Source Premier	Business Source Complete	Difference
Author Profiles	0	40,654	40,654
Books & Monographs	44	917	873
Case Studies	6,413	10,082	3,669
Company Information Records	10,151	1,017,651	1,007,500
Conference Papers / Proceedings Collections	6	69	63
Country Economic Reports	1,194	1,447	253
Faculty Seminars (Videos)	0	57	57
Industry Reports	5,656	7,632	1,976
Interviews (Executive & Analyst)	0	8,766	8,766
Market Research Reports	106	2,533	2,427
Peer-Reviewed Journals	1,150	1,998	848
SWOT Analyses	3,555	3,609	54
Trade Journals & General Business Magazines	1,099	1,846	747
Working Papers Collections	2	34	32



Financial Times Global MBA Rankings 2013



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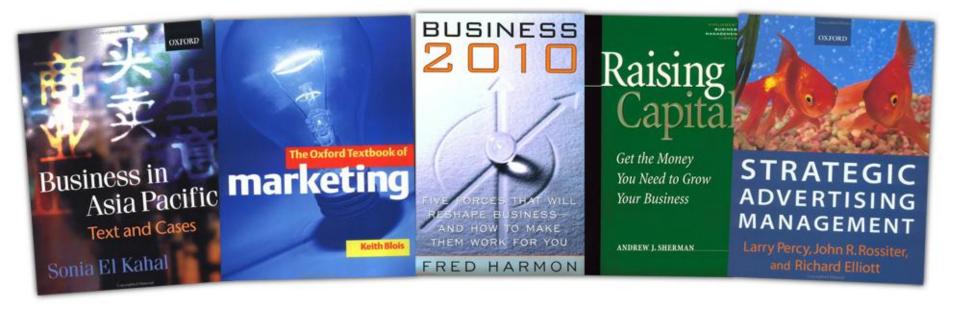






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Management Journals Ranked Study by Coe & Weinstock from Academy of Management Journal

Rank	Journal Name	EBSCO	Competitor-I	Competitor-II
1	Administrative Science Quarterly	Full Text with NO Embargo	Halted Full Text	Halted Full Text
2	Academy of Management Journal	Full Text with NO Embargo	Halted Full Text	NO Full Text
3	Harvard Business Review	Full Text with NO Embargo	NO Full Text	Halted Full Text
4	Management Science	Embargoed Full Text	Embargoed Full Text	Embargoed Full Text
5	Operations Research	Embargoed Full Text	Embargoed Full Text	Embargoed Full Text
6	Academy of Management Review	Full Text with NO Embargo	Halted Full Text	NO Full Text
7	Industrial & Labor Relations Review	Full Text with NO Embargo	Halted Full Text	Halted Full Text

Data from January 4, 2013



Top Marketing Journals in Doctoral Institutions

Study by Hult, Neese and Bashaw from Journal of Marketing Education

Rank	Journal Name	EBSCO	Competitor-I	Competitor-II
1	Journal of Marketing	Full Text with NO Embargo	Halted Full Text	NO Full Text
2	Journal of Marketing Research (JMR)	Full Text with NO Embargo	Halted Full Text	NO Full Text
3	Journal of Consumer Research	Full Text with NO Embargo	NO Full Text	NO Full Text

Top Marketing Journals in Non-Doctoral Institutions

Study by Hult, Neese and Bashaw from Journal of Marketing Education

Rank	Journal Name	EBSCO	Competitor-I	Competitor-II
1	Journal of Marketing	Full Text with NO Embargo	Halted Full Text	NO Full Text
2	Journal of Marketing Research (JMR)	Full Text with NO Embargo	Halted Full Text	NO Full Text
3	Journal of Consumer Research	Full Text with NO Embargo	NO Full Text	NO Full Text

Data (for both of the above) from January 4, 2013

MIS Journals Ranked

Mylonopoulos & Theoharakis: http://www.bus.ucf.edu/csaunders/newjournal.htm

Rank	Journal Name	EBSCO	Competitor-I	Competitor-II
1	MIS Quarterly	Full Text with NO Embargo	Halted Full Text	NO Full Text
2	Communications of the ACM	Full Text with NO Embargo	NO Full Text	Halted Full Text
3	Information Systems Research	Embargoed Full Text	Embargoed Full Text	Embargoed Full Text
4	Journal of Management Information Systems	Full Text with NO Embargo	Halted Full Text	NO Full Text

Finance Journals Ranked

Study by Mabry & Sharplin, "Conclusions, a Final Ranking of Finance Journals", The Journal of Financial Research

Rank	Journal Name	EBSCO	Competitor-I	Competitor-II
1	Journal of Finance	Embargoed Full Text	NO Full Text	NO Full Text
2	Journal of Financial Economics	NO Full Text	NO Full Text	NO Full Text
3	Journal of Financial & Quantitative Analysis	Full Text with NO Embargo	Halted Full Text	NO Full Text
4	Journal of Money, Credit & Banking	Embargoed Full Text	Halted Full Text	Halted Full Text

Data (for both of the above) from January 4, 2013

Top Accounting Journals

Rank	Journal Name	EBSCO Business Source	Competitor-I	Competitor-II
Α	Accounting Review	Full Text, NO Embargo	Full Text, NO Embargo	Halted Full Text
A	Accounting, Organizations & Society	No Full Text	No Full Text	No Full Text
Α	Contemporary Accounting Research	Embargoed Full Text	Halted Full Text	No Full Text
Α	Journal of Accounting & Economics	No Full Text	No Full Text	No Full Text
Α	Journal of Accounting Research	Embargoed Full Text	No Full Text	No Full Text
Α	Review of Accounting Studies	No Full Text	Embargoed Full Text	No Full Text
A-	Accounting Horizons	Full Text, NO Embargo	Full Text, NO Embargo	Halted Full Text
A-	Auditing: A Journal of Practice and Theory	Full Text, NO Embargo	Full Text, NO Embargo	Halted Full Text
A-	Behavioral Research in Accounting	Full Text, NO Embargo	Full Text, NO Embargo	Halted Full Text
A-	Journal of Accounting & Public Policy	No Full Text	No Full Text	No Full Text
A-	Journal of Accounting, Auditing & Finance	Full Text, NO Embargo	No Full Text	No Full Text
A-	Journal of Management Accounting Research	Full Text, NO Embargo	Full Text, NO Embargo	Halted Full Text
A-	Journal of the American Taxation Association	Full Text, NO Embargo	Full Text, NO Embargo	Halted Full Text

2012 Top Five Academic Business Journals

riedaeiiiie Dasiiiess o dariidis		Business Source	Competitor-I	Competitor-II
Rank	Journal Name	Full Text Coverage	Солироллог г	
1	Academy of Management Journal	Active Full Text, NO Embargo	No Ongoing Full Text	No Ongoing Full Text
2	Academy of Management Review	Active Full Text, NO Embargo	No Ongoing Full Text	No Ongoing Full Text
3	Strategic Management Journal	Embargoed Full Text	No Ongoing Full Text	No Ongoing Full Text
4	Journal of Marketing Research (JMR)	Active Full Text, NO Embargo	No Ongoing Full Text	No Ongoing Full Text
5	Journal of Marketing	Active Full Text, NO Embargo	No Ongoing Full Text	No Ongoing Full Text

Eigenfactor.org Business Journals Ranking (Most Current Ranking as of 25 July 2012)

2011 Top Five Academic Business Journals

Rank	Journal Name	Business Source Full Text Coverage	Competitor-I	Competitor-II
1	Academy of Management Review	Active Full Text, NO Embargo	No Ongoing Full Text	No Ongoing Full Text
2	Academy of Management Journal	Active Full Text, NO Embargo	No Ongoing Full Text	No Ongoing Full Text
3	Administrative Science Quarterly	Active Full Text, NO Embargo	No Ongoing Full Text	No Ongoing Full Text
4	MIS Quarterly	Active Full Text, NO Embargo	No Ongoing Full Text	No Ongoing Full Text
5	Journal of Marketing	Active Full Text, NO Embargo	No Ongoing Full Text	No Ongoing Full Text

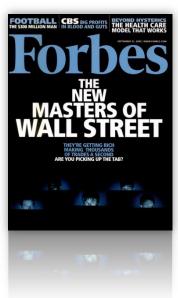
Eigenfactor.org Business Journals Ranking (Most Current Ranking as of 8 March 2011)



Top Five General Business Magazines

Magazine Name	Business Source Full Text Coverage	Competitor-I	Essentials Full Text Coverage
Bloomberg Businessweek	Active Full Text,	No Ongoing	No Ongoing
	NO Embargo	Full Text	Full Text
Forbes	Active Full Text,	No Ongoing	No Ongoing
	NO Embargo	Full Text	Full Text
Fortune	Active Full Text,	No Ongoing	No Ongoing
	NO Embargo	Full Text	Full Text
Harvard Business Review	Active Full Text,	No Ongoing	No Ongoing
	NO Embargo	Full Text	Full Text
Money	Active Full Text,	No Ongoing	No Ongoing
	NO Embargo	Full Text	Full Text











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Cover to Cover Full Text for 5 National (U.S.) & 20 International Newspapers, including:





Bangkok Post

The Jakarta Post





> TORONTO STAR <

The Washington Times

San Francisco Chronicle

The St Petersburg Times

The Moscow Times

Full Text Newspapers

Selected Full Text from 225 Regional U.S. Newspapers, including:

The Boston Blobe Detroit Free Press









🚔 Wisconsin State Journal



The Philadelphia Inquirer

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

Pittsburgh Post-Gazette®

THE KANSAS CITY STAR.



Orlando Sentinel

THE TAMPA TRIBUNE

The Miami Herald

Houston Chronicle

The Dallas Morning News The Seattle Times

The Oregonian

The Mercury News

THE ORANGE COUNTY REGISTER

REVIEW-JOURNAL

The Salt Lake Tribune

THE DENVER



ERIC: 教育文摘

- 本数据库为美国教育部教育资源信息中心所提供之国家级教育学书目数据库。含教育相关的论文(ERIC Documents)及期刊文献(Journal Articles)两种档案。
- 教育论文逾2,200种包括:研究及技术报告、会议记录、教学工具、教学媒体、教学计划和方法、硕博士论文等。期刊文献收录近1,000种教育专业期刊。

MEDLINE: 医学文摘

• 美国国家医学图书馆(National Library of Medicine)医疗档案专业版,共收录1966年至今4,900种期刊之索引与摘要,包含 Index Medicus,the International Nursing Index 及 Index to Dental Literature。提供专业 MeSH (Medical Subject Headings)检索。



GreenFILE

• GreenFILE 提供人类对环境所产生的各方面影响的深入研究信息。其学术、政府及关系到公众利益的标题包括全球变暖、绿色建筑、污染、可持续农业、再生能源、资源回收等。本数据库提供近 384,000 条记录的索引与摘要,以及 4,700 多条记录的 Open Access 全文。

Teacher Reference Center

为270多种最受欢迎的教师和行政人员期刊杂志提供了索引和摘要,以帮助职业教育者。

图书馆信息科学与技术数据库

(Library, Information Science & Technology Abstracts -- LISTA)

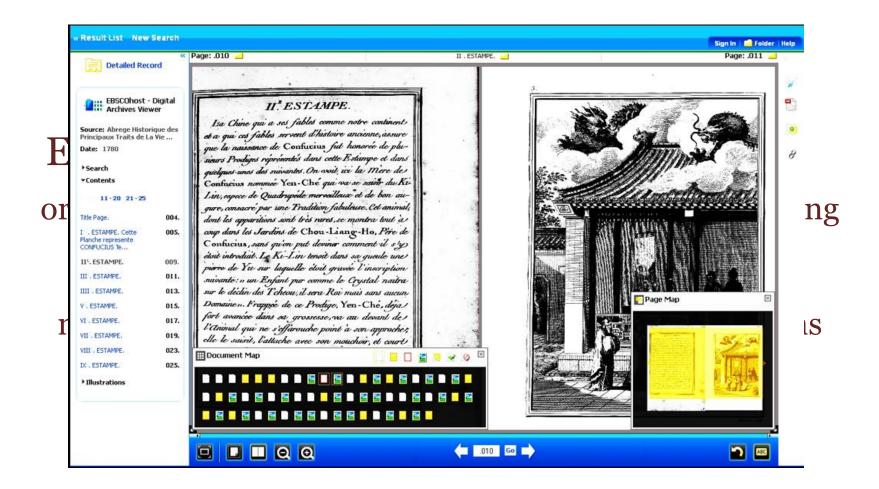
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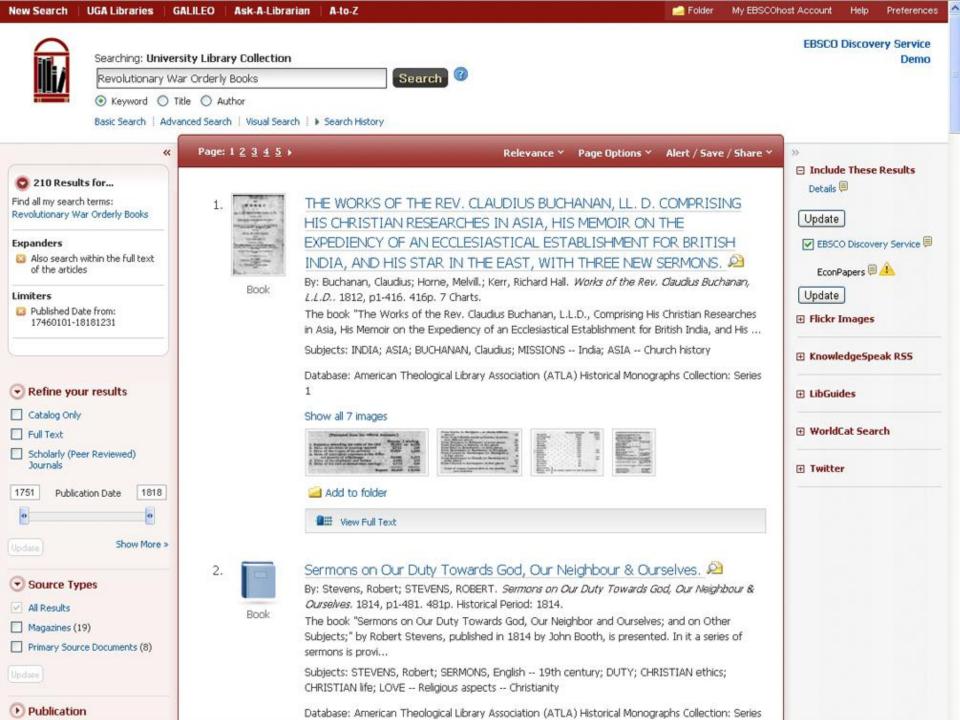


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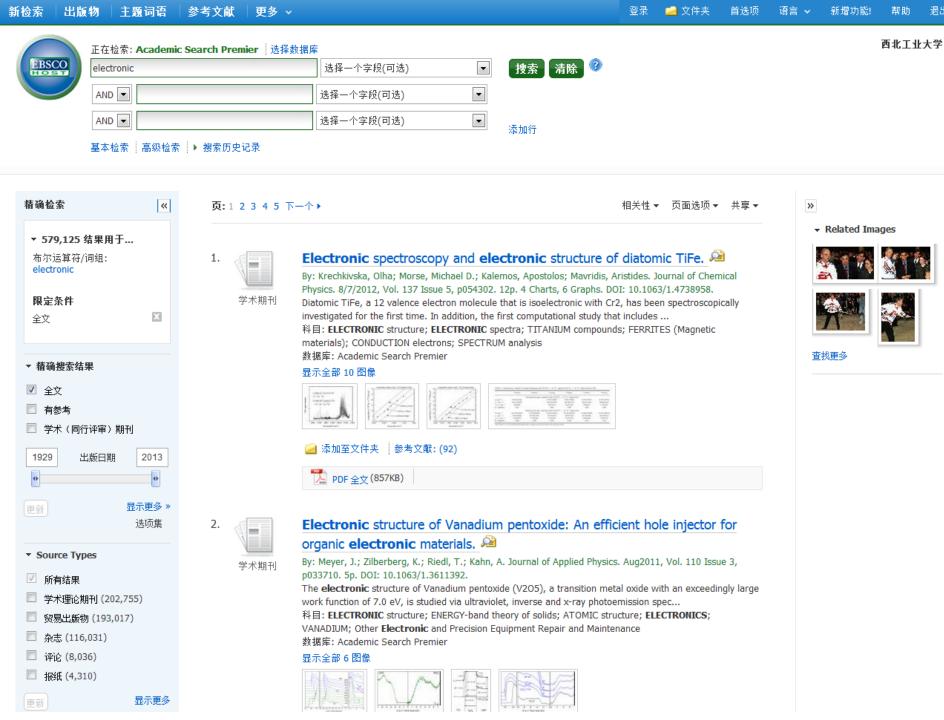


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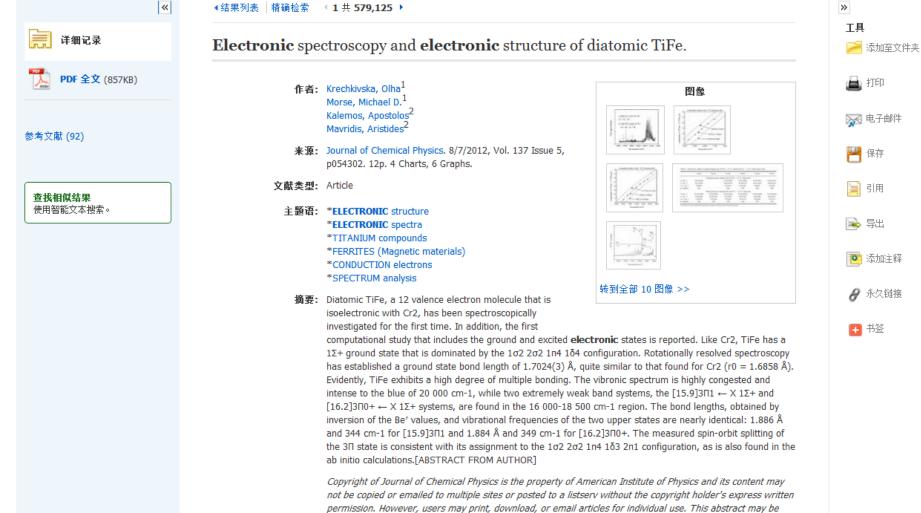
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Electronic spectroscopy and **electronic** structure of diatomic TiFe.

Morse, Michael D.1 Kalemos, Apostolos Mavridis, Aristides²

1 # 579,125

作者: Krechkivska, Olha¹

来源: Journal of Chemical Physics. 8/7/2012, Vol. 137 Issue 5, p054302, 12p. 4 Charts, 6 Graphs.

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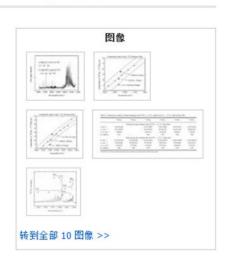
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Electronic spectroscopy and electronic structure of diatomic TiFe.

THE JOURNAL OF CHEMICAL PHYSICS 137, 054302 (2012)

Electronic spectroscopy and electronic structure of diatomic TiFe

Olha Krechkivska, Michael D. Morse, Apostolos Kalemos, and Aristides Mavridis2

Department of Chemistry, University of Utah, Salt Lake City, Utah 84112, USA

²Department of Chemistry, Laboratory of Physical Chemistry, National and Kapodistrian University of Athens, Athens 157 71, Greece

(Received 16 May 2012; accepted 10 July 2012; published online 1 August 2012)

Diatomic TiFe, a 12 valence electron molecule that is isoelectronic with Cr2, has been spectroscopically investigated for the first time. In addition, the first computational study that includes the ground and excited electronic states is reported. Like Cr_2 , TiFe has a ${}^{1}\Sigma^{+}$ ground state that is dominated by the $1\sigma^2 2\sigma^2 1\pi^4 1\delta^4$ configuration. Rotationally resolved spectroscopy has established a ground state bond length of 1.7024(3) Å, quite similar to that found for Cr₂ (r₀ = 1.6858 Å). Evidently, TiFe exhibits a high degree of multiple bonding. The vibronic spectrum is highly congested and intense to the blue of 20 000 cm⁻¹, while two extremely weak band systems, the $[15.9]^3\Pi_1 \leftarrow X^1\Sigma^+$ and $[16.2]^3\Pi_{0^+} \leftarrow X^1\Sigma^+$ systems, are found in the 16 000–18 500 cm⁻¹ region. The bond lengths, obtained by inversion of the Be' values, and vibrational frequencies of the two upper states are nearly identical: 1.886 Å and 344 cm^{-1} for $[15.9]^3\Pi_1$ and 1.884 Å and 349 cm^{-1} for $[16.2]^3\Pi_{0+}$. The measured spin-orbit splitting of the ${}^3\Pi$ state is consistent with its assignment to the $1\sigma^2$ $2\sigma^2$ $1\pi^4$ $1\delta^3$ $2\pi^1$ configuration, as is also found in the ab initio calculations. © 2012 American Institute of Physics. [http://dx.doi.org/10.1063/1.4738958]

I. INTRODUCTION

Among the diatomic transition metals, Cr2 occupies a position of particular prominence because of early controversies concerning its ground state potential curve, especially as regards the bond length. With ground state atoms having configurations of 3d5 4s1, 7S, it is possible in principle to spin-pair all 12 valence electrons in Cr_2 , placing them in $s\sigma_g$, $d\sigma_g$, $d\pi_u$, and $d\delta_g$ bonding orbitals to form a tightly bound diatomic molecule with a nominal sextuple bond. This intriguing possibility has sparked a large experimental and computational effort.

On the experimental side, the first spectrum of Cr₂ was obtained in 1974 in a transient absorption study of the products formed in a flash photolysis experiment on gaseous $Cr(CO)_{6}$. The spectrum was assigned to a ${}^{1}\Sigma_{u}^{+} \leftarrow X$ ¹Σ_g⁺ transition in diatomic Cr₂, for which a bond length of 1.71 Å was found. However, the possibility that the carrier of the spectrum might be linear CrO2 or CrC2 was not rigorously excluded. Subsequently, the molecule was investigated by matrix isolation absorption and emission2-4 and Raman spectroscopy,5-7 and by laser-induced fluorescence8,9 and resonant two-photon ionization spectroscopy in jetcooled molecular beams. While these results have shown that the ${}^{1}\Sigma_{g}^{+}$ ground state of Cr₂ has a short bond length with r_e = 1.6788 Å, details of the shape of the potential energy surface did not emerge until the photoelectron spectrum of massselected Cr2- was measured in 1991. This study revealed a tight potential ourse pear the bottom of the well that car

true dissociation limit at even longer distances as the s-orbital bond is broken.11

Computational chemistry has found Cr2 to be very challenging, owing to the large exchange effects that result from the small size of the 3d5 subshell and the high degree of electron correlation in the molecule. An early MCSCF calculation found Cr2 to have a bond length of 3.06 Å dominated by s-orbital bonding,12 while a subsequent calculation on the isovalent Mo2 found a double minimum, in which the molecule could exist in either a long-bonded form dominated by s-orbital bonding or as a short-bonded form in a deeper dbonded well. 13 This led to the speculation that Cr2 might exhibit a double-minimum potential curve in the ground state, prompting the photoelectron study mentioned above. As a result of the computational difficulties inherent in a study of Cr2, it has become a standard test molecule for all newly developed electronic structure methods. 14-53

It is interesting to consider how the electronic structure of Cr2 may change, as one proceeds along an isoelectronic sequence that redistributes charge from one nucleus to the other. We may define our position on this isoelectronic sequence in terms of the nuclear charge asymmetry, defined by $\Delta Z = IZ_A - Z_BI$. It is now known that Cr_2 ($\Delta Z = 0$) has a very short bond with a high degree of multiple bonding character. How does this change in moving to VMn ($\Delta Z = 2$), TiFe ($\Delta Z = 4$), ScCo ($\Delta Z = 6$), CaNi ($\Delta Z = 8$), KCu (ΔZ = 10), and ArZn ($\Delta Z = 12$)? Does the bond strength decrease and the bond length increase smoothly as one moves

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Electronic spectroscopy and **electronic** structure of diatomic TiFe.

作者: Krechkivska, Olha1 Morse, Michael D.1 Kalemos, Apostolos² Mavridis, Aristides²

来源: Journal of Chemical Physics. 8/7/2012, Vol. 137 Issue 5,

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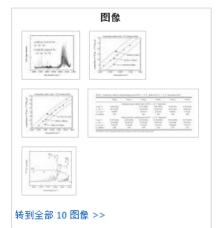
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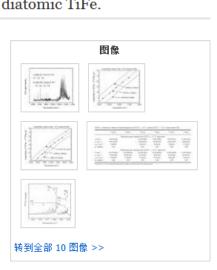
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作者: Krechkivska, Olha¹
Morse, Michael D.¹
Kalemos, Apostolos²
Mavridis, Aristides²

来源: Journal of Chemical Physics. 8/7/2012, Vol. 137 Issue 5,

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*ELECTRONIC spectra

*TITANIUM compounds

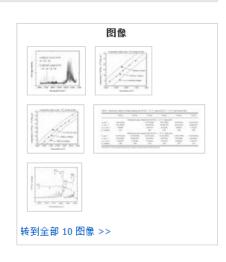
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*CONDUCTION electrons

*SPECTRUM analysis

摘要: Diatomic TiFe, a 12 valence electron molecule that is isoelectronic with Cr2, has been spectroscopically investigated for the first time. In addition, the first

investigated for the first time. In addition, the first computational study that includes the ground and excited **electronic** states is reported. Like Cr2, TiFe has a $1\Sigma+$ ground state that is dominated by the $1\sigma2~2\sigma2~1\pi4~1\delta4$ configuration. Rotationally resolved spectroscopy has established a ground state bond length of 1.7024(3) Å, quite similar to that found for Cr2 (r0 = 1.6858~Å). Evidently, TiFe exhibits a high degree of multiple bonding. The vibronic spectrum is highly congested and intense to the blue of 20 000 cm-1, while two extremely weak band systems, the $[15.9]3\Pi1 \leftarrow X~1\Sigma+$ and $[16.2]3\Pi0+ \leftarrow X~1\Sigma+$ systems, are found in the 16~000-18~500~cm-1 region. The bond lengths, obtained by inversion of the Be' values, and vibrational frequencies of the two upper states are nearly identical: 1.886~Å and $344~cm-1~for~[15.9]3\Pi1$ and 1.884~Å and $349~cm-1~for~[16.2]3\Pi0+$. The measured spin-orbit splitting of



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作者单位: ¹Department of Chemistry, University of Utah, Salt Lake City, Utah 84112,

²Department of Chemistry, Laboratory of Physical Chemistry, National and Kapodistrian University of Athens, Athens 157 71.

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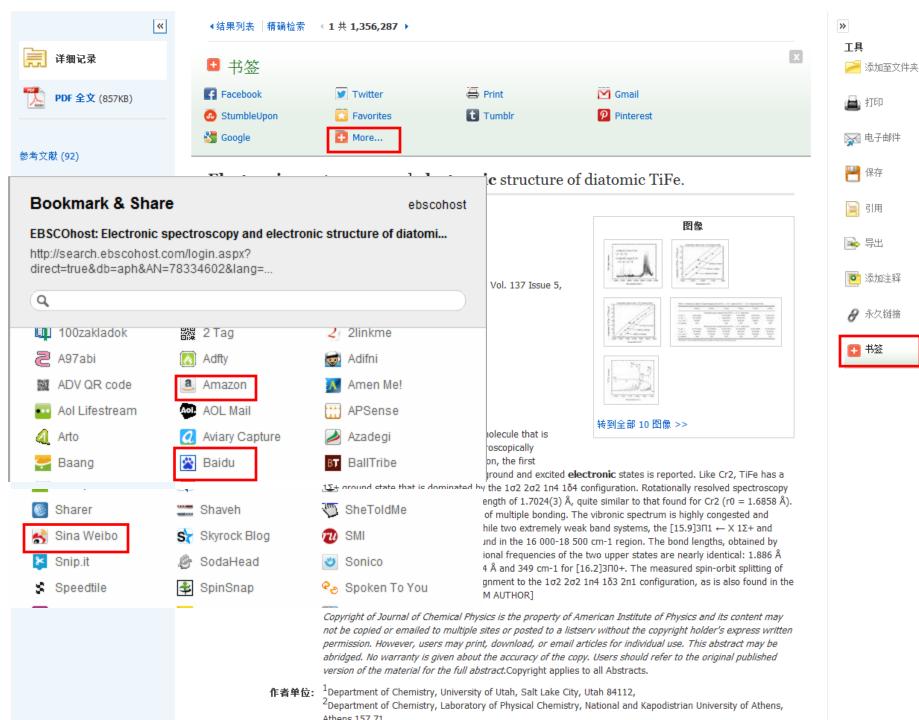
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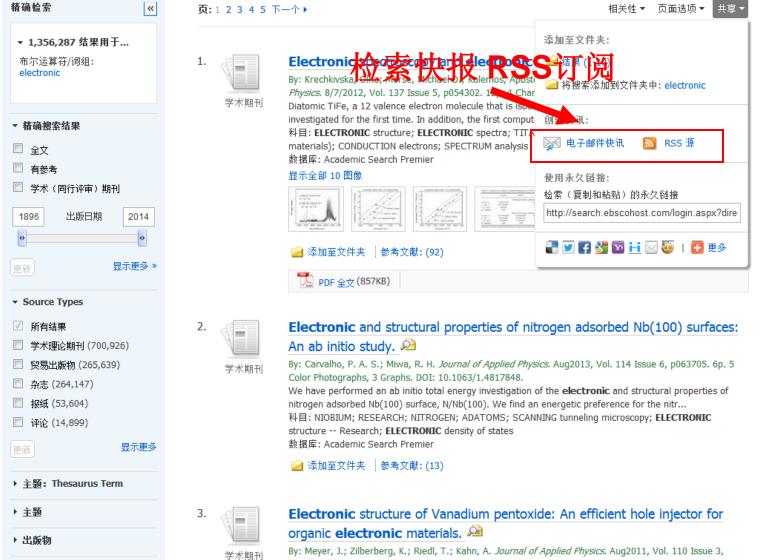




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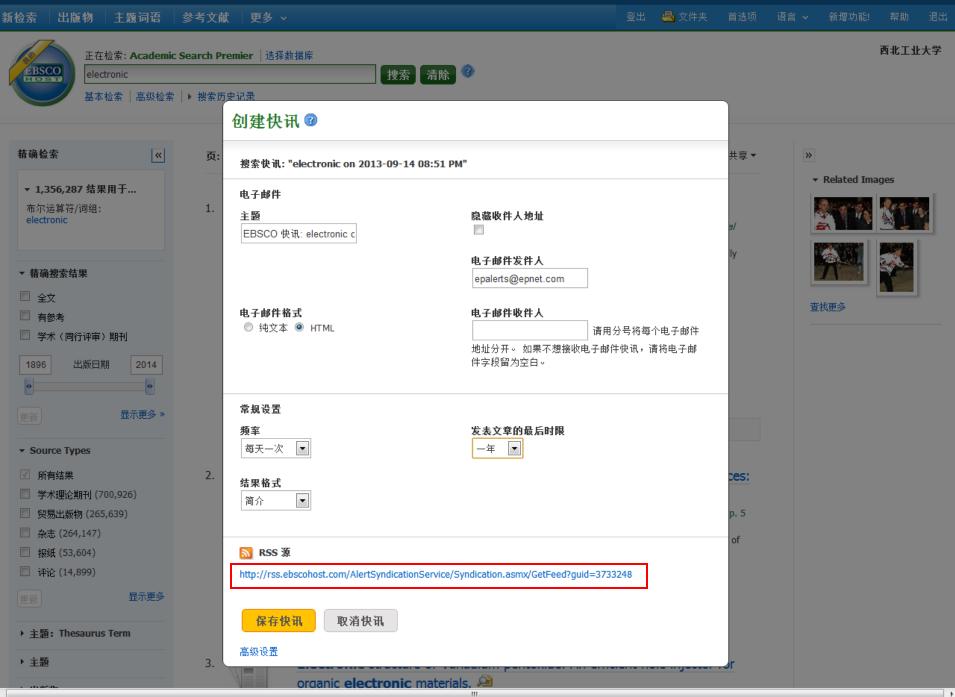


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By: Meyer, J.; Zilberberg, K.; Riedl, T.; Kahn, A. Journal of Applied Physics. Aug2011, Vol. 110 Issue 3, p033710. 5p. DOI: 10.1063/1.3611392.



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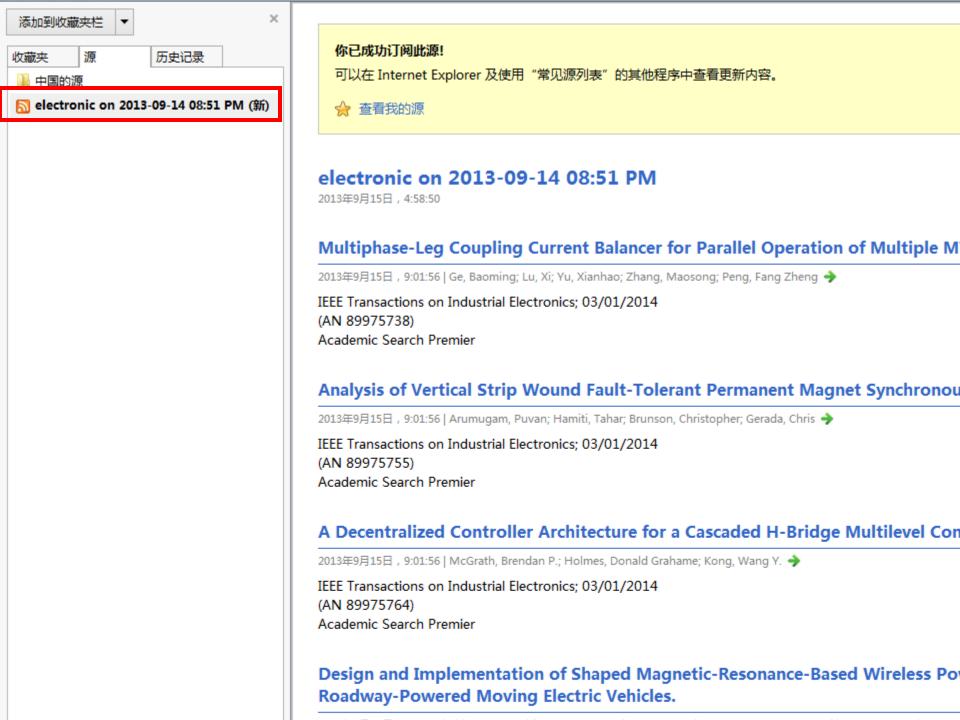
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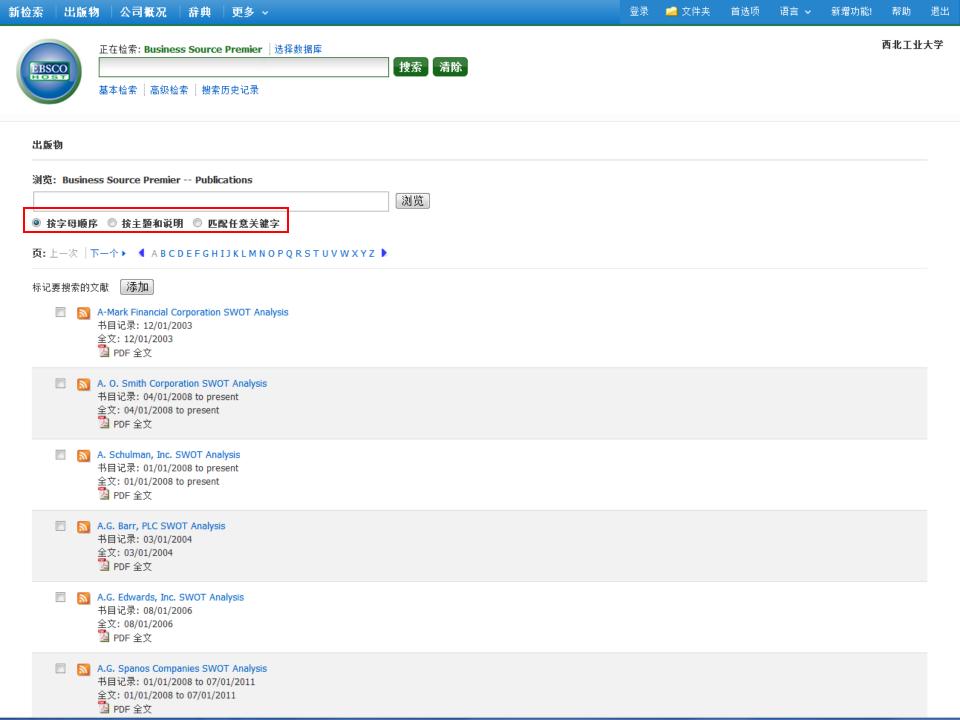
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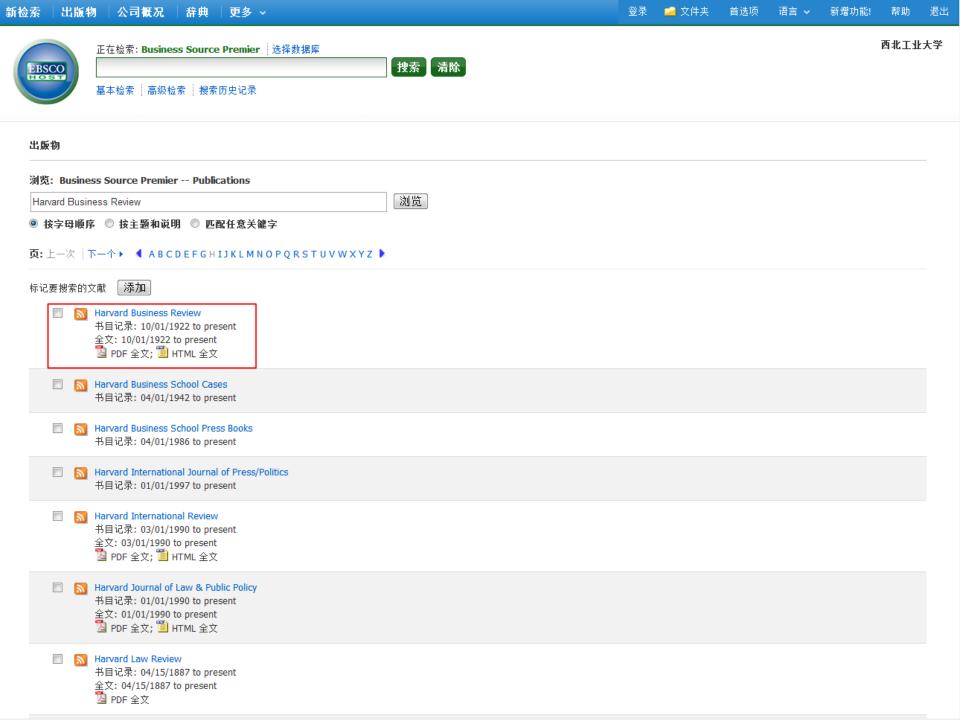
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ESSENTIAL GROUNDWORK FOR A BROAD EXECUTIVE THEORY

By WALLACE B. DONHAM

"The gipsy in Asia Minor makes iron nails one at a time with a hammer on an anvil, just as his ancestors did before him for hundreds of years. I have seen him doing it; but I also observed that his small children were stark naked and that his larger ones had only one garment In industry and commerce all things are be-CHARLES W. ELIOT come new."

NLESS we admit that rules of thumb, the limited experience of the executives in each individual business, and the general sentiment of the street, are the sole possible guides for executive decisions of major importance, it is pertinent to inquire how the representative practises of business men generally may be made available as a broader foundation for such decisions, and how a proper theory of business is to be obtained. The theory of business, to meet the need, must develop to such a point that the executive, who will make the necessary effort, may learn effectively from the experiences of others in the past what to avoid and how to act under the conditions of the present. Otherwise, business will continue unsystematic, haphazard, and for many men a pathetic gamble, with the failures of each serious business depression made up largely of the best moral risks.

No amount of theory can be a substitute for energy, enthusiasm, initiative, creative ability, and personality, nor will it take the place of technical knowledge. Now, however, all of these personal qualities may be coupled with an adequate technical equipment, and yet the executive of wide experience may fail through our inability to grasp the broad underlying forces controlling business, a knowledge of which would give a sound basis for judgment. It is a serious criticism of our business structure that it so long lacked an adequate method by which these broad forces may be appraised, their probable course charted, and their applications to individual executive problems made reasonably clear.

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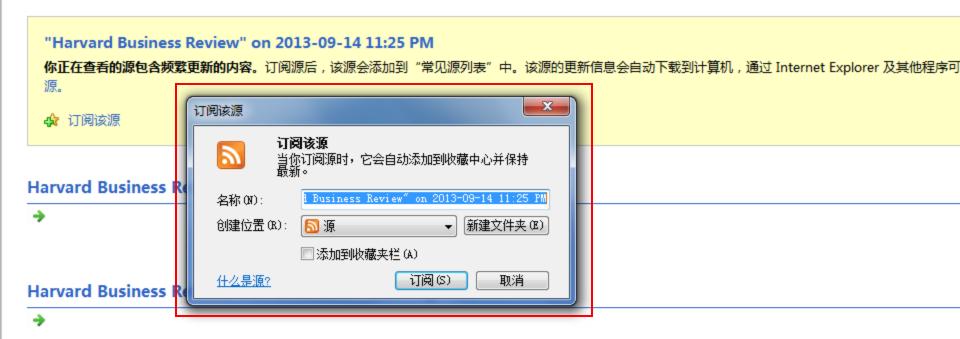




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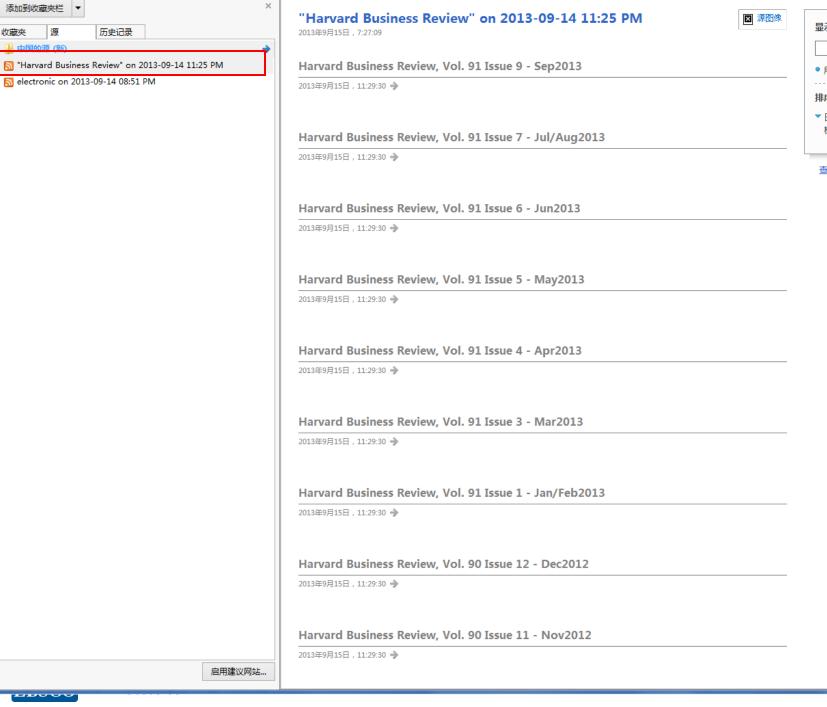
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Qinghai.

来源: Columbia Electronic Encyclopedia, 6th Edition. Jun2013, p1-1. 1p.

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摘要: Qinghai or Tsinghai (both: chǐng'hī'), province (1990 pop. 4,510,000), c.279,000 sq mi (722,797 sq km), W China. Xining is the capital. Qinghai lies in the Tibetan highlands at an average elevation of 9,800 ft (3,000 m) and is mainly a high, desolate plateau. The central region has the vast, swampy Qaidam [Mongolian,=salt marshes] basin, and in the northeast there is the large Qinghai Hu or Koko Nor [Chinese and Mongolian,=blue sea] salt lake for which the province is named; it is the largest lake in China. In the precipitous mountain gorges of the south rise some of E Asia's greatest rivers; the Huang He (Yellow), the Chang, and the Mekong. The chief economic area and the most densely settled part of the province is in the NE around Xining; there coal is mined and grain and potatoes are grown. Extensive irrigation and the use of early-ripening spring wheat increased production in the late 20th cent. Ethnic Chinese (from China proper) and Chinese Muslims predominate in this region. The south is inhabited by Tibetans who live a precarious existence based on stock herding and marginal farming. Stock breeding is also important; Qinghai horses are world famous. The Qaidam basin was once peopled only by a scattered population of Tibetan, Kazakh, and Mongol herders, but from the 1950s to the 1970s there was an influx of Chinese to work in the mineral extraction industries there (oil, iron ore, salt, lithium, boron, zinc, potash, magnesium, and lead). Salt is so abundant that it is used for building blocks and for road pavement. Heavy industry, utilizing the province's store of mineral resources, has increased steadily since the 1950s. Thousands of miles of highways have been constructed to link Xining and the Qaidam basin with adjoining provinces; there are rail links between Xining and Lanzhou, in Gansu prov., and Lhasa, in Tibet. Historically a part of Tibet, the Qinghai region passed to the Mongol overlords of China in the 14th cent., when it became part of Gansu. It came under Chinese (Ch'ing dynasty) control after 1724 and was administered from Xining as the Koko Nor territory. Over the centuries Chinese settlers have proceeded up the Xining and Huang He rivers from Lanzhou, penetrating deeply into ethnic Tibetan territory in the northeast. In 1928, Qinghai became a province of China. The Communist government established

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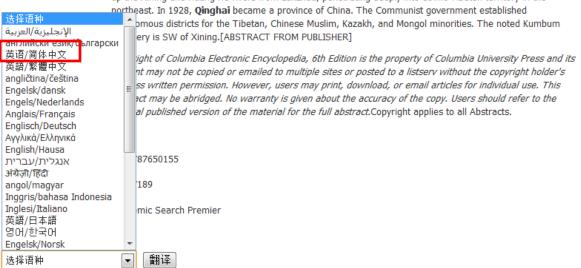
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首席经济区和人口密度最大的一部分解决该省的ne在西宁市周围;煤炭是雷区和谷物和马铃薯的种植。 广泛灌溉和使用早期成熟春小麦 产量增加20%。 华人(中国)和中国穆斯林在这一地区占主导地位。 南方人居住的藏人生活在危险的条件根据库存放牧和耕作边际。 畜 牧也很重要;青海马世界闻名。 柴达木盆地的记忆是一次只能由一个分散的居民藏、哈萨克和蒙古牧民,但从1950年代到1970年代有一 个涌入中国的工作,在矿产开采业(石油、铁矿砂、盐、锂、硼、锌、钾、镁和铅)。 盐是如此丰富,它是用于构建块和路面。 重化工业, 利用该省的存储的矿物资源,稳步增加自1950s。 成千上万英里长的高速公路已建成,链接西宁和柴达木盆地与毗邻省;有滑轨之间链接 西宁和兰州,甘肃省,和拉萨,在西藏。 雍和宫的指出kumbum SW的西宁。

在历史上的一部分西藏、青海地区传递到蒙古统治者手中的中国的14%,当它成为甘肃的一部分。 它是根据中国(清朝)控制1724后,由 西宁市的Koko的领土也没有。 几个世纪以来,对中国移民已经开始了西宁市和黄河河流从兰州、穿诱深感到藏族地区在内的东北。 在 1928,青海成为中国的一个省。 中国共产党的成立了自治区政府对西藏,中国穆斯林、哈萨克、蒙古和少数群体。 在2010的地震造成了 严重的破坏,部分S青海;一些2700人死亡。

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Qinghai or Tsinghai (both: che British Accent British Accent Dipop. 5,626,722), c.279,000 sq mi (722,797sq km), W China. Xining is the capital. Qinghai lies in the Tibetan highlands at an average elevation of 9,800 ft (3,000 m) and is mainly a high, desolate plateau. The central region has the vast, swampy Qaidam [Mongolian,=salt marshes] basin, and in the northeast there is the large Qinghai Hu or Koko Nor [Chinese and Mongolian,=blue sea] salt lake for which the province is named; it is the largest lake in China. In the precipitous mountain gorges of the south rise some of E Asia's greatest rivers; the Huang He (Yellow), the Chang, and the Mekong.

The chief economic area and the most densely settled part of the province is in the NE around Xining; there coal is mined and grain and potatoes are grown. Extensive irrigation and the use of early-ripening spring wheat increased production in the late 20th cent. Ethnic Chinese (from China proper) and Chinese Muslims predominate in this region. The south is inhabited by Tibetans who live a precarious existence based on stock herding and marginal farming. Stock breeding is also important; **Qinghai** horses are world famous. The Qaidam basin was once peopled only by a scattered population of Tibetan, Kazakh, and Mongol herders, but from the 1950s to the 1970s there was an influx of Chinese to work in the mineral extraction industries there (oil, iron ore, salt, lithium, boron, zinc, potash, magnesium, and lead). Salt is so abundant that it is used for building blocks and for road pavement. Heavy industry, utilizing the province's store of mineral resources, has increased steadily since the 1950s. Thousands of miles of highways have been constructed to link Xining and the Qaidam basin with adjoining provinces; there are rail links between Xining and Lanzhou, in Gansu prov., and Lhasa, in Tibet. The noted Kumbum lamasery is SW of Xining.

Historically a part of Tibet, the **Qinghai** region passed to the Mongol overlords of China in the 14th cent., when it became part of Gansu. It came under Chinese (Ch'ing dynasty) control after 1724 and was administered from Xining as the Koko Nor territory. Over the centuries Chinese settlers have proceeded up the Xining and Huang He rivers from Lanzhou, penetrating deeply into ethnic Tibetan territory in the northeast. In 1928, **Qinghai** became a province of China. The Communist government established autonomous districts for the Tibetan, Chinese Muslim, Kazakh, and Mongol minorities. In 2010 an earthquake caused severe destruction in parts of S **Qinghai**; some 2,700 people were killed.

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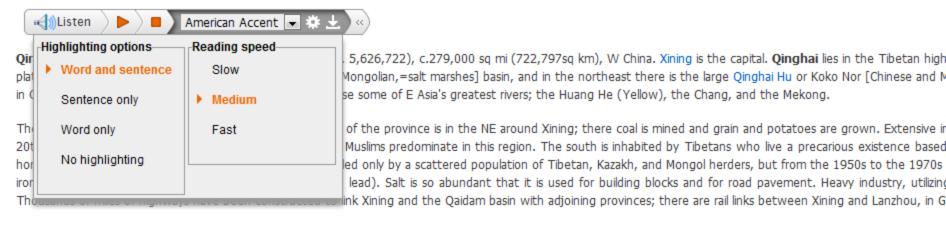
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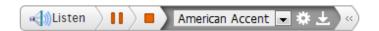
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Qinghai



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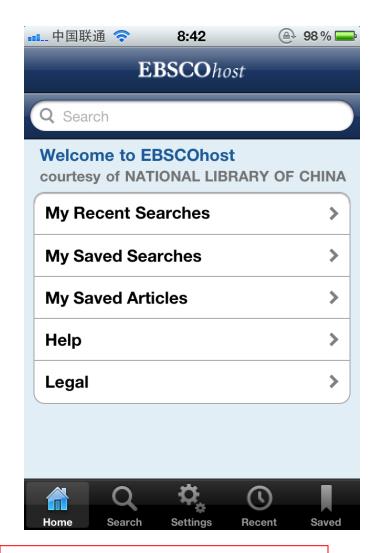




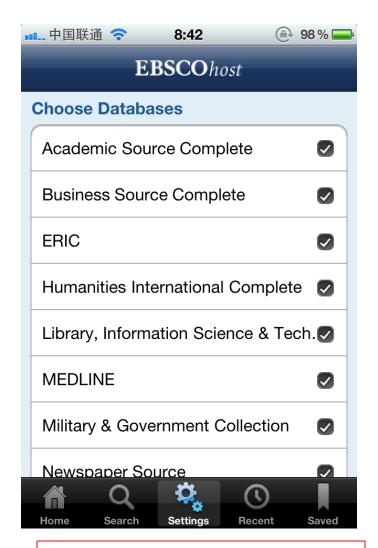
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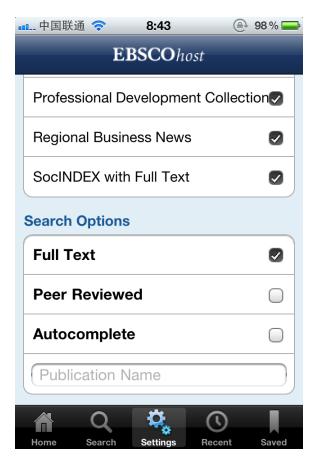
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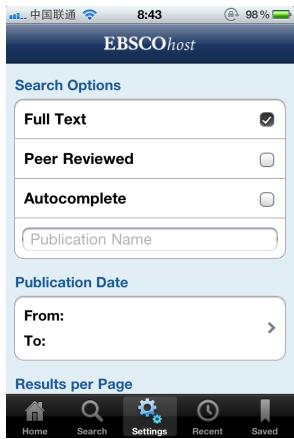


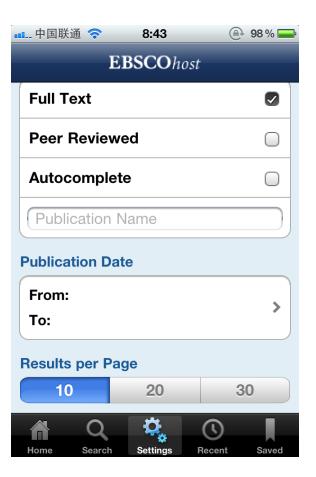
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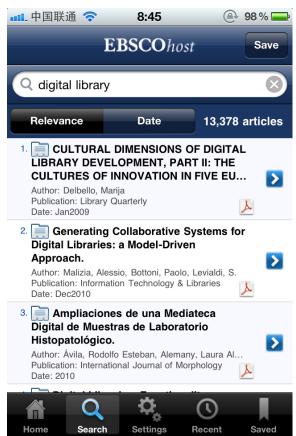




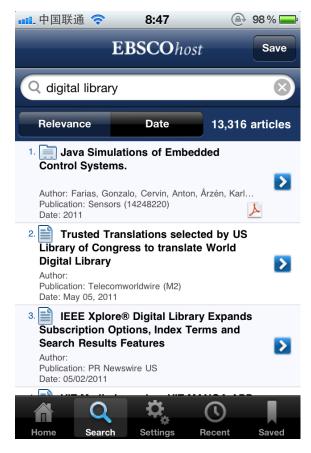
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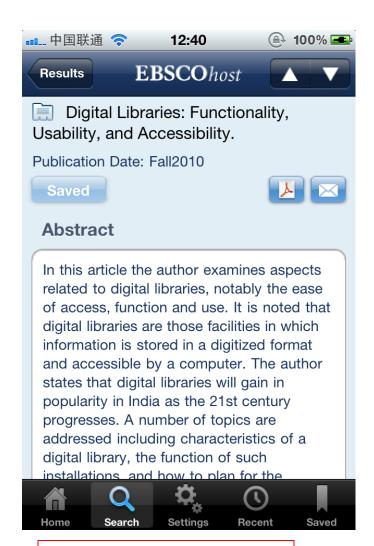
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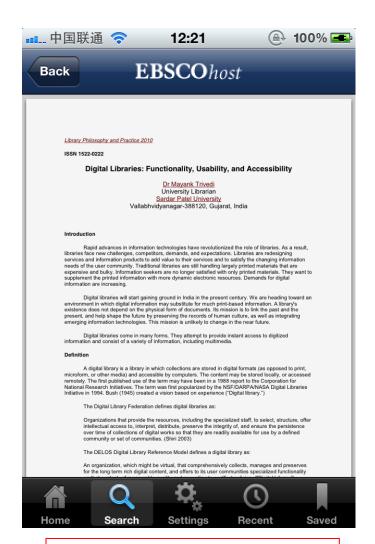
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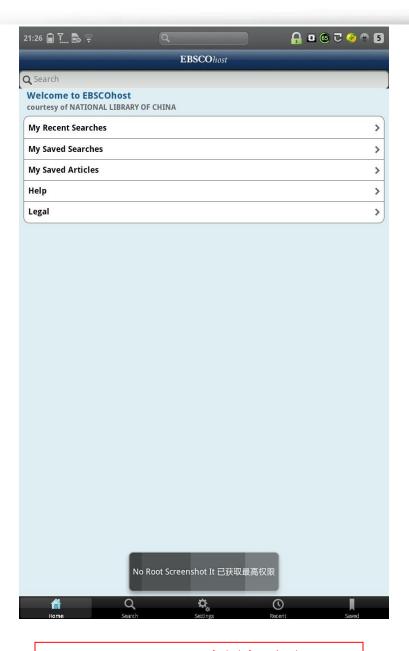


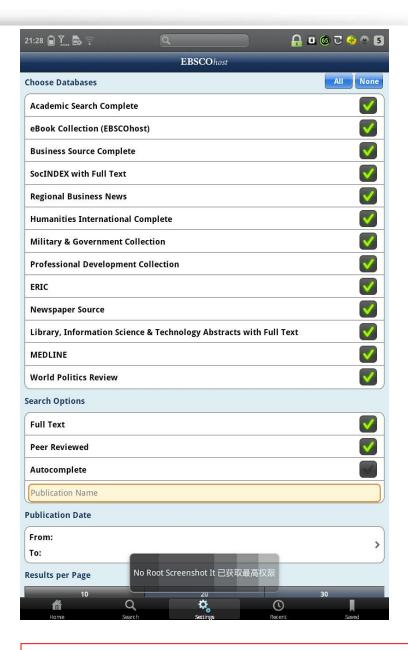
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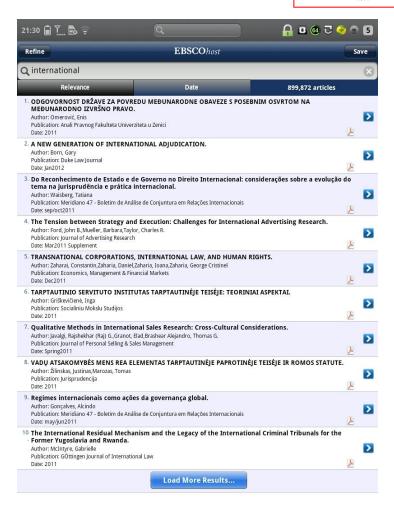


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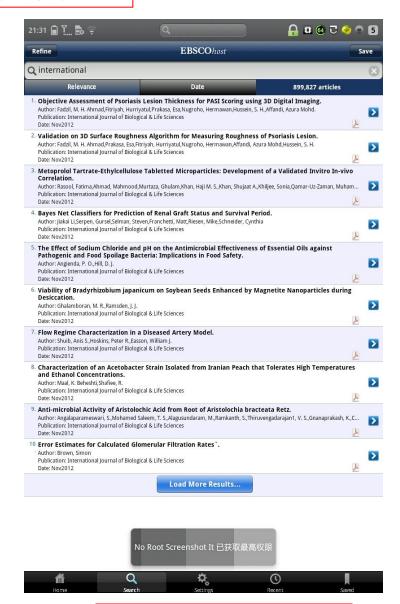


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Abstract-Psoriasis is a chronic inflammatory skin condition

which affects 2-3% of population around the world. Psoriasis Area

and Severity Index (PASI) is a gold standard to assess psoriasis severity as well as the treatment efficacy. Although a gold standard,

PASI is rarely used because it is tedious and complex. In practice, PASI score is determined subjectively by dermatologists, therefore

inter and intra variations of assessment are possible to happen even among expert dermatologists. This research develops an algorithm to

assess psoriasis lesion for PASI scoring objectively. Focus of this research is thickness assessment as one of PASI four parameters

beside area, erythema and scaliness. Psoriasis lesion thickness is measured by averaging the total elevation from lesion base to lesion

surface. Thickness values of 122 3D images taken from 39 patients are grouped into 4 PASI thickness score using K-means clustering.

Validation on lesion base construction is performed using twelve

body curvature models and show good result with coefficient of

Keywords-3D digital imaging, base construction, PASI,

I. INTRODUCTION

DSORIASIS is a chronic inflammatory skin condition which

determinant (R2) is equal to 1.

psoriasis lesion thickness.

International Journal of Biological and Life Sciences 8:4 2012

Objective Assessment of Psoriasis Lesion

Thickness for PASI Scoring using 3D Digital

Imaging

M.H. Ahmad Fadzil, Hurriyatul Fitriyah, Esa Prakasa, Hermawan Nugroho, S.H. Hussein, Azura Mohd. Affandi

Dermatologists use 4 types of treatments to cure psoriasis:

topical therapies, ultraviolet lights, systemic medication and

the latest one is biological injection [3]. Treatment applied depends on psoriasis severity level and national condition. For

mild to moderate psoriasis, dermatologists apply topical

therapies. For moderate to severe psoriasis, dermatologists

apply UV light therapies and systemic medication.

Dermatologists have to monitor patient's condition as the UV light therapies and systemic medication give side effects. The

latest treatment found, biological injection, is only for severe psoriasis where topical therapies, ultraviolet lights, and

systemic medication treatments can not cure the osoriasis

This injection blocks certain immune cell (T cell) to act, as

this speed-up growth of skin cell is the cause of psoriasis.

Biological injection also alters the immune response to the

Dermatologists use their knowledge and experience to

decide which treatment to be applied. Patient's physical

condition which differs from one another also needs to be

noted. Treatment may include combination of several

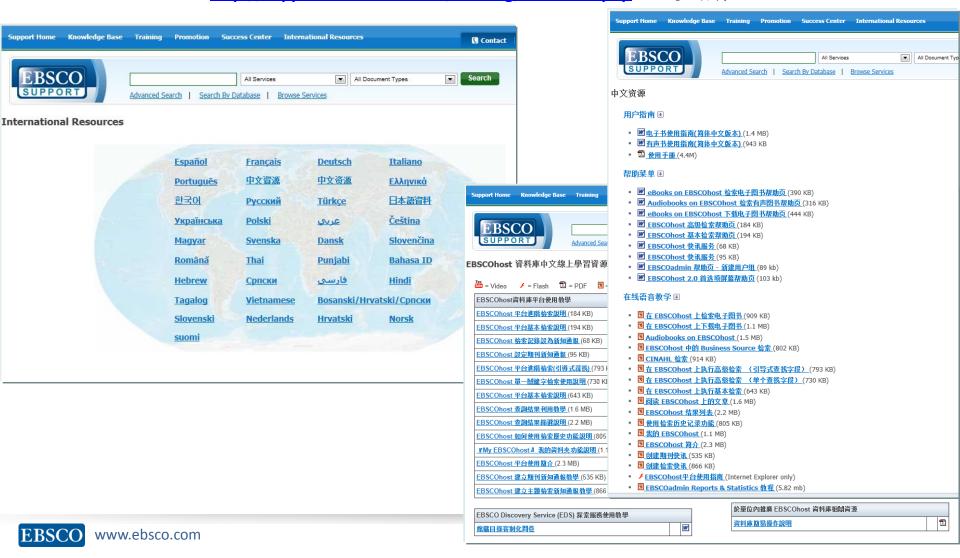
treatments to increase the treatment efficacy and reduce side

skin cell's growth.



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